

SIDE A

Station 1

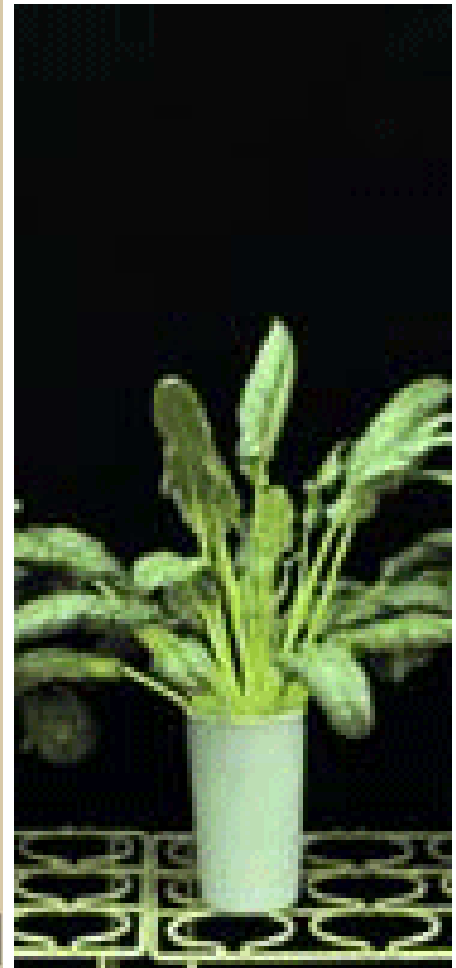
These plants have been treated with the plant hormone **auxin**.



SIDE B

Station 1

These plants have not been treated with the plant hormone **auxin**.



SIDE A

Station 2

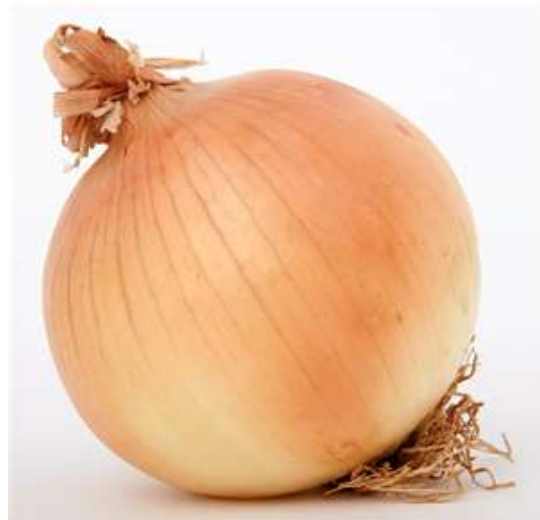
These plants have not been treated with the plant hormone **gibberillin**.



SIDE B

Station 2

These plants have been treated with the plant hormone **gibberillin**.



SIDE A

Station 3

These plants have not been treated with **cytokinins**.



SIDE B

Station 3

These plants have been treated with **cytokinins**.



SIDE A

Station 4

These plants have been treated with **ethylene.**



SIDE B

Station 4

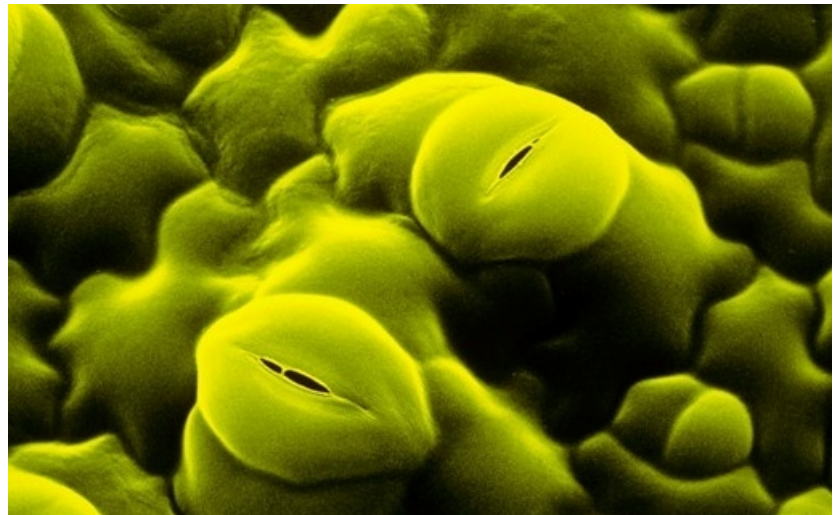
These plants have not been treated with **ethylene.**



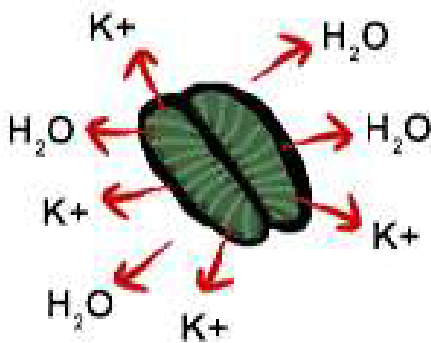
SIDE A

Station 5

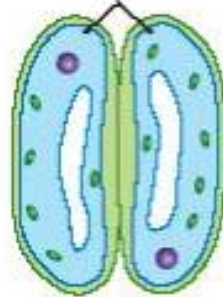
These plants have been treated with **abscisic acid**.



Closed Stomata

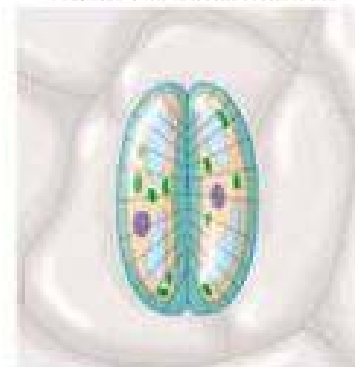


Guard cells (shrunken)

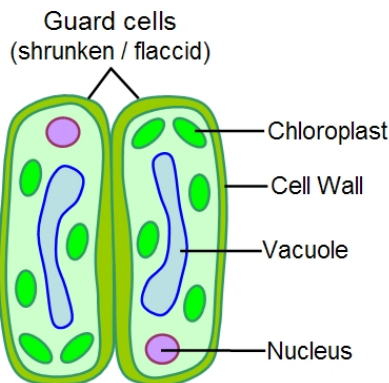


Stoma closed

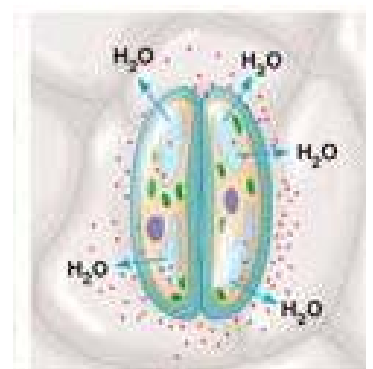
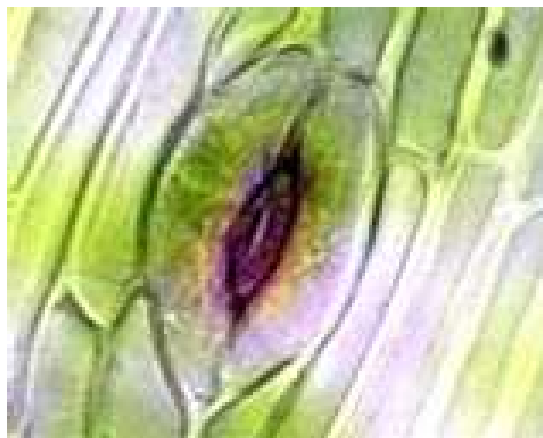
Cells flaccid/Stoma closed



and stomatal opening and closing



Stoma Closed

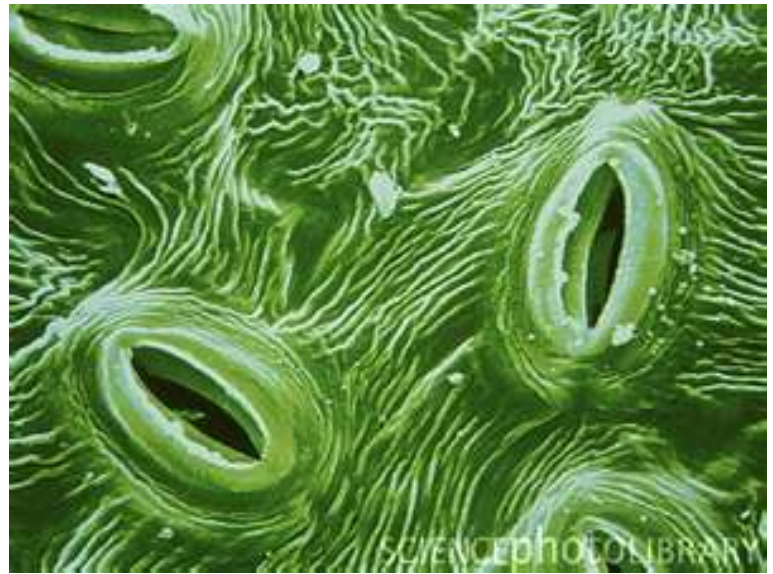


opening and closing

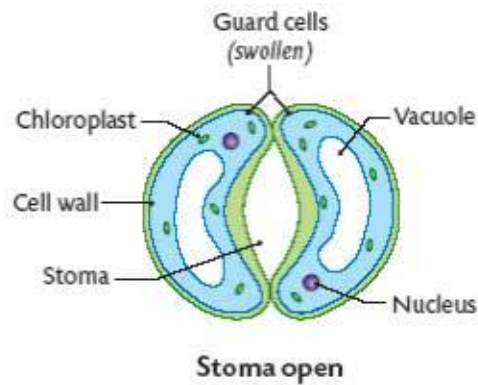
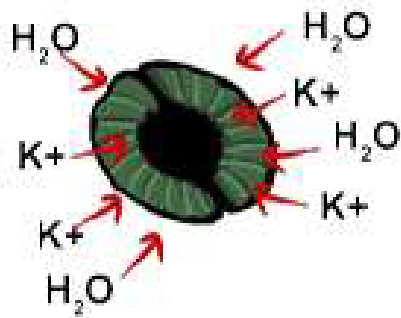
SIDE B

Station 5

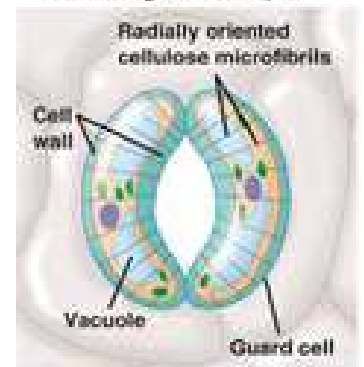
These plants have not been treated with **abscisic acid**.



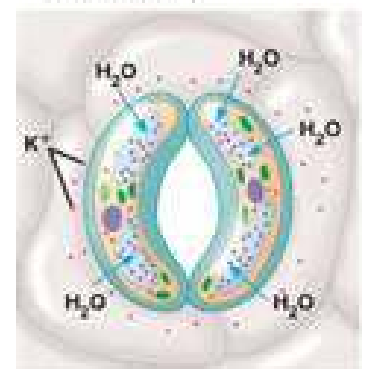
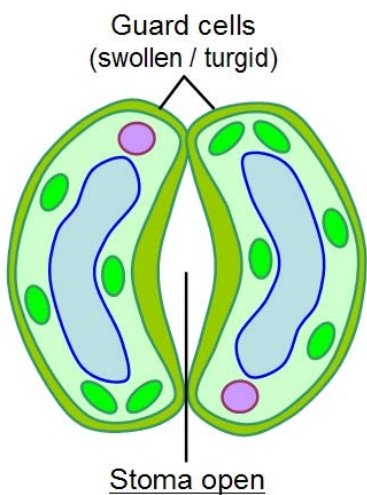
Open Stomata



Cells turgid/Stoma open



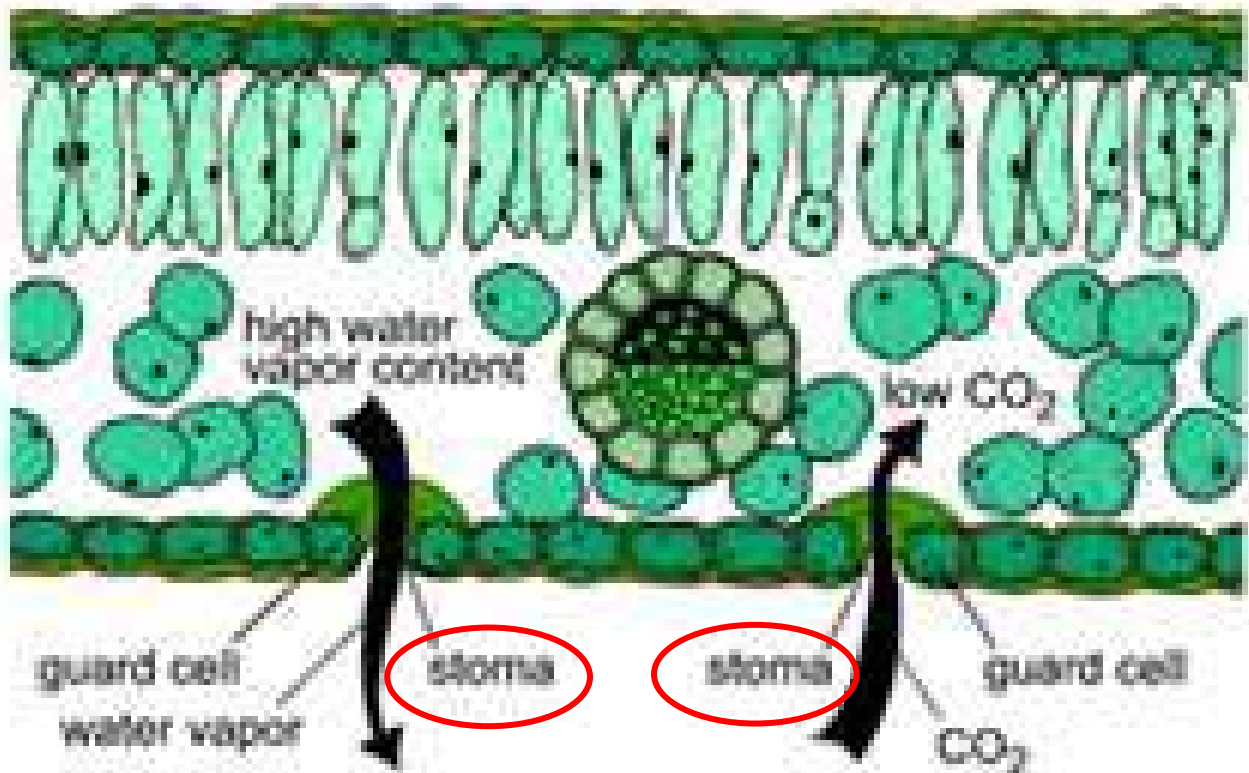
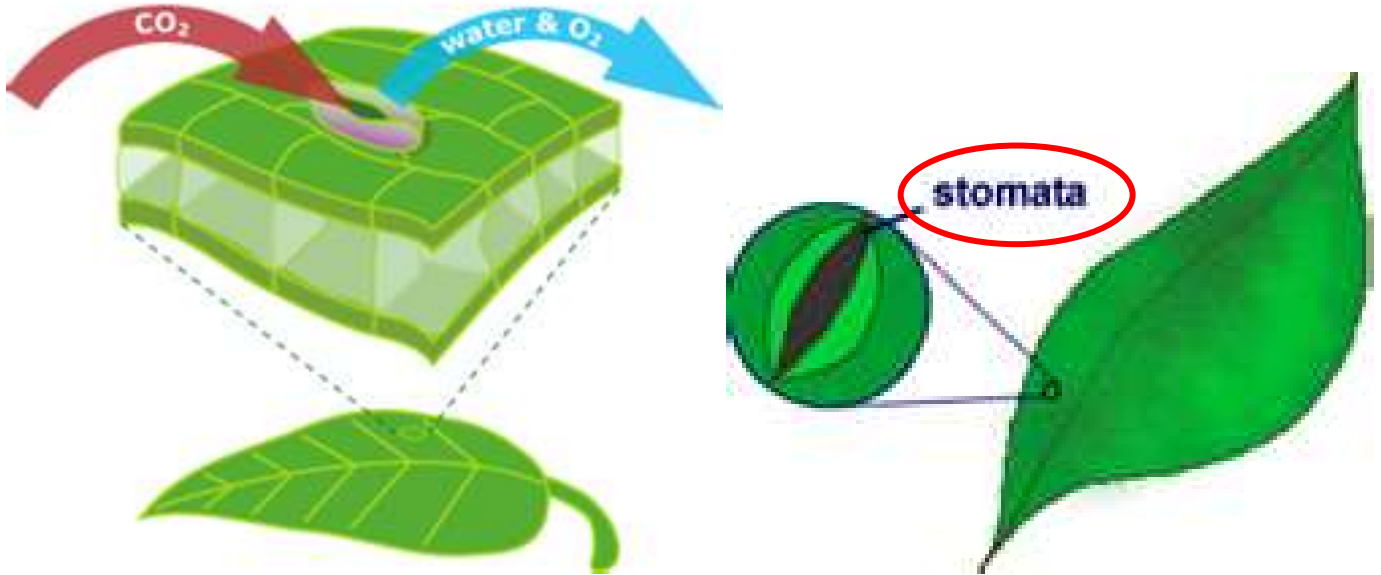
(a) Changes in guard cell shape at (surface view)



(b) Role of potassium in stomatal

Stomata

Carbon dioxide enters, while water and oxygen exit, through a leaf's stomata.



Name _____

Plant Hormone Lab

1. Look at the pictures at each table labeled "Side A" and "Side B."
2. Write down what is different.
3. Write down the name of the hormone.
4. Write down what you think the hormone does to the plant.

Station	Observations (What you see)	Hormone Name	Effect of Hormone
1	Side A		
	Side B		
2	Side A		
	Side B		
3	Side A		
	Side B		
4	Side A		
	Side B		
5	Side A		
	Side B		